

PCIe 5.0 NVMe SSD

D8437/ D8457



Highlights

- NVMe 2.0 compliant
- Support U.2 Form Factor
- Data integrity of enterprise class
- 3.2TB-15.36TB capacity options
- Up to 13.5/10.0 GB/s sequential read/write
- Up to 3200K/870K random read/write IOPS
- Support for mainstream operating system native drivers
- Support hot-plug
- Support Power Loss Data Protection
- Support NVMe-MI Management interface
- Support Telemetry Log Collection
- Support Firmware Online Update (NVMe-MI over MCTP)
- Support UEFI/Legacy BIOS Bootable
- Support Secure Erase
- Support TCG Opal SSC v2.01
- Supports AES256/SHA2 - 512/RSA - 4096 encryption

Applications & Workloads

- Database
- Cloud Computing
- Streaming, CDN
- Big Data Analytics
- AI/ ML/ DL Training
- Software Defined Storage
- Banking & Telecom

PCIe 5.0 Architecture

DERA D8437/D8457 NVMe SSDs adopt a new PCIe 5.0 controller architecture and support various data center functions including hardware security, advanced telemetry, visualization, data path protection, power loss protection and so on. The D8437/D8457 provides two durability levels and multiple capacity options: 1 DWPD (5 years) with 3.84/7.68/15.36TB and 3 DWPD (5 years) with 3.2/6.4/12.8TB, meeting the business needs of different enterprise-level application scenarios.

Enterprise-Class Data Integrity

DERA D8437/D8457 NVMe SSD integrates technologies such as out-of-band management, adaptive dynamic RAID protection, end-to-end protection, and unexpected power loss detection/handling. It supports encryption algorithms including AES256, SHA2-512, and RSA-4096 to provide users with comprehensive data security safeguards. During operation, the D8437/D8457 NVMe SSD continuously monitors device health in real time and takes prompt corresponding actions, while upper-layer management software can monitor device status and accurately predict and address potential faults.

Ultra Low Latency and High Performance

DERA D8437/D8457 NVMe SSD has the advantages of high performance, low latency, and stable performance. The steady-state random write can reach up to 870K IOPS, and the random read/write latency is as low as 75/10us, providing users with a high-speed processing and low latency user experience for data center business. Meanwhile, due to the innovation of SSD controller architecture, firmware management algorithms intelligently schedule and control different types of I/O requests, ensuring that device performance remains stable under extreme conditions of high pressure and variable workloads. D8437/D8457 NVMe SSD deliver a performance consistency above 95% in significantly heavy random I/O workloads.



Product Series		D8437			D8457		
Capacity (TB)		3.84	7.68	15.36	3.2	6.4	12.8
Form Factor		U.2					
Host Interface		PCIe 5.0 x4					
NVMe Compliance		NVMe 2.0 & OCP Datacenter NVMe SSD 2.0					
NAND		3D TLC NAND					
Seq. Read/Write ^[1]		Up to 13.5/ 10.0 GB/s			Up to 13.5/ 10.0 GB/s		
Ran. Read/Write ^[2]		Up to 3200K/ 470K IOPS			Up to 3100K/ 870K IOPS		
Ran. R/W Latency(μs) ^[3]		75/10					
Power ^[4]	Max	22W					
	Idle	5W					
DWPD (5 years)		1 DWPD			3 DWPD		
UBER		< 10 ⁻¹⁷					
MTBF		2.5 million hours					
Temperature		0-70°C					
Feature		On-line Firmware update、Weight Round Robin、NVMe-MI over MCTP、AES256/SHA2-512/ RSA-4096 encryption、E2E Data Protection、Variable Sector Size、TCG Opal SSC v2.01					

[1] 100% LBA, Seq. Read/Write 128KB block size;

[2] 100% LBA, Ran. Read/Write 4KB block size;

[3] 100% LBA, Ran. Read/Write 4KB block size, TC=1, QD=1; TC(Number of threads), QD(queue depth);

[4] 100% LBA, Seq. Read/Write 128KB block size, Ran. Read/Write 4KB block size, Sampling interval time 100ms.

* Performances measured by FIO tool on Linux, result may differ according to testing platform. 1MB/s = 1,000,000 bytes/second.

